



TOSHKENT KIMYO-TEKNOLOGIYA INSTITUTI

SHAHRISABZ FILIALI

FIZIKA

Fanidan amaliy mashg'ulot

**Mexanik tebranishlar. Mexanik to'lqinlar.
To'lqin jarayonlari.**



Shahrisabz-2020

Bahromova Anzura



1. 6.1. $x = A \sin \omega(t + \tau)$ tenglama bilan berilgan tebranishning davri T , Chastotasi ν va boshlang'ich fazasi φ aniqlansin. Bunda $\omega = 2,5\pi \text{ s}^{-1}$, $\tau = 0,4 \text{ s}$.



Berilgan

$$x = A \sin \omega(t + \tau)$$

$$\tau = 0,4 \text{ s}$$

$$\omega = 2,5\pi \text{ s}^{-1}$$

T -?

ν -?

φ -?

Yechilishi

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \quad (1)$$

$$\nu = \frac{1}{T} \quad (2)$$

$$\varphi = \omega t + \omega \tau, \quad t=0$$

$$\varphi = \omega \tau \quad (3)$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{2,5 \pi \text{ s}^{-1}} = 0,8 \text{ s}$$

$$\nu = \frac{1}{0,8 \text{ s}} = 1,25 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\varphi = 2,5\pi \text{ s}^{-1} 0,4 \text{ s} = \pi$$





2. 6. 32 $m=50$ g massali moddiy nuqta tenglamasi $x=A\cos\omega t$ ko'rinishga ega bo'lgan tebranishlarni amalga oshiradi. Bunda $A=10$ sm, $\omega=5$ s⁻¹.

Quyidagi ikki hol uchun nuqtaga ta'sir etuvchi kuch topilsin: 1) faza $\omega t = \frac{\pi}{3}$ bo'lgan moment uchun 2) nuqtaning eng ko'p siljigan holati uchun.

Berilgan

$$m=50 \text{ g} = 50 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$$

$$x=A\cos\omega t$$

$$A=10 \text{ sm} = 0,1$$

$$\omega=5 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$1) \omega t = \frac{\pi}{3}; F_1 - ?$$

$$2) x_{max}; F_2 - ?$$

Yechilishi

$$1) \omega t = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$a = x'' = -A\omega^2 \cos(\omega t)$$

$$F_1 = ma = -mA\omega^2 \cos(\omega t)$$

$$2) x_{max} = A; a_{max} = -A\omega^2$$

$$F_2 = -mA\omega^2$$

$$F_1 = -50 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0,1 \cdot 5^2 \cos \frac{\pi}{3} = -62,5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ N}$$

$$F_2 = -50 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0,1 \cdot 5^2 = -125 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ N}$$





3. 6. 37 Urama prujinaga yukcha osdilar, buning natijasida prujina $x = 9$ sm ga cho'zildi. Agar yukcha pastga ozroq tortib qo'yib yuborilsa, uning tebranish davri T qanday bo'ladi?

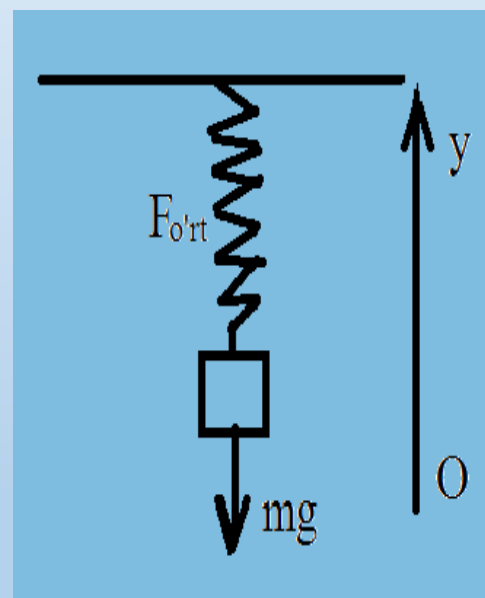
Berilgan

$$x = 9 \text{ sm} = 0,09 \text{ m}$$

$$g = 9,8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$T = ?$

Chizma



Yechilishi

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{oy: } F_{o'rt} - mg = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$kx = mg; \frac{m}{k} = \frac{x}{g} \quad (3)$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{x}{g}} \quad (4)$$

$$T = 2 \cdot 3,14 \sqrt{\frac{0,09}{9,8}} = 0,6 \text{ s}$$



Topshiriq



1. $x = A \sin \omega(t + \tau)$ tenglama bilan berilgan tebranishning davri T , Chastotasi ν va boshlang'ich fazasi φ aniqlansin. Bunda $\omega = 2,5\pi \text{ s}^{-1}$, $\tau = n \text{ s}$.
2. Agar n min da 150 tebranish bo'lib, tebranishlarning boshlang'ich fazasi 45° ga teng va amplitudasi 5 sm bo'lgan garmonik tebranma harakat tenglamasini yozing.
3. Massasi 10 g bo'lgan moddiy nuqta $x = n \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ sm tenglama bo'yicha tebranadi. Nuqtaga ta'sir etuvchi maksimal kuchni va tebranayotgan nuqtaning to'la energiyasini toping.



Izoh: n sonining o'rniga har bir talaba o'zining jurnaldagi nomerini masalaga qo'yib ishlaydi.



E'tiboringiz uchun rahmat!

